1. Alcohols are used in organic synthesis.

Pentan-2-ol can be prepared by the alkaline hydrolysis of 2-iodopentane. $CH_3CH(I)CH_2CH_2CH_3 + NaOH \rightarrow CH_3CH(OH)CH_2CH_2CH_3 + NaI$

The reaction mixture is boiled for 20 minutes.

- i. State the most appropriate technique that could be used to boil the reaction mixture for 20 minutes.
- [1]
- ii. Describe the mechanism for the alkaline hydrolysis of 2-iodopentane.

In your answer, include the name of the mechanism, curly arrows and relevant dipoles.

name of mechanism:

^{2(a).} Lactic acid is a naturally occurring chemical, which can be synthesised from ethanal, CH₃CHO, as shown in the steps below.





i.

[1]

[1]

ii. Suggest a reagent that could be used for **Step 2**.

iii. The displayed formula of lactic acid is shown below.





Suggest a value for each bond angle **a**–**c**.

Bond angle **a**:

Bond angle **b**:

Bond angle **c**:

(b). Methyl lactate is an ester of lactic acid which is used as a solvent.



methyl lactate

Methyl lactate can be hydrolysed by refluxing with sodium hydroxide solution.

In this reaction the hydroxide ion acts as a nucleophile.

- i. Suggest how the hydroxide ion can act as a nucleophile.
- [1]
- ii. Part of the mechanism for the hydrolysis is shown below.



- Add relevant dipoles and curly arrows to show how the intermediate is formed in **Step 1** of the mechanism.
- Add curly arrows to show how the carboxylic acid and ⁻OCH₃ ion are formed from the intermediate in Step 2 of the mechanism.

iii. Methyl lactate can also react with ethanoyl chloride (This is A2 but you can look it up).Complete the equation for this reaction.



3. A student plans a two-stage synthesis of alanine from lactic acid, CH₃CH(OH)COOH.

The synthesis first prepared compound **H**, as shown in the flowchart.

Draw the structure of compound ${\bf H}$ in the box and add the formulae of the reagents for each stage on the dotted lines.



END OF QUESTION paper

[3]